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Bu eserin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, eserin tamamının veya bir kısmının Deniz Pınar'ın yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla paylaşılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezaları, sorumluluğu ve sınavın hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabul etmiş sayılır.

Bu kitap T.C. Kültür Bakanlığı'nın bandrolü ile satılmaktadır.

“Gerçek başarı başkalarını başarılı kılmaktır.”

Deniz Pınar

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1. – 3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

E-scooters are all the rage in Türkiye. Their sales and the number of companies renting them have soared in recent years. Yet, they have several cons, like long charging times and possible pollution from the uncontrolled disposal of discarded batteries. Four Turkish engineers were working on a new scooter with hydrogen power to overcome these problems. The entrepreneurs succeeded in lowering charging time, to just five minutes. So, the scooter can travel for 60 kilometres with a single charge. Interestingly enough, it roughly costs only about TL 1,8. As they were e-scooter users, they faced such problems. The problems pushed them to find a solution. Thus, they came up with the idea of using hydrogen as fuel. This is the first hydrogen-powered scooter in the world.

2. It can be inferred from the passage that ----.

- A) e-scooters can travel for more than 60 kilometres with a single charge
- B) charging time was lowered with rigorous effort to less than five minutes
- C) four Turkish engineers developed a new scooter with double batteries
- D) it roughly costs about TL 9 if the scooter is charged and used five times
- E) hydrogen power was merely tried on E-scooters by Turkish companies

1. Which of the following can be said about E-scooters?

- A) There is a direct correlation between number of companies and sales.
- B) E-scooters have some challenges despite their popularity in the country.
- C) The issue of long charging times is impossible due to lack of funding.
- D) There is a slight decrease in the demand for E-scooters in Türkiye.
- E) The government banned E-scooters due to pollution from batteries.

3. The underlined word “overcome” in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) depend on
- B) put up with
- C) bring about
- D) carry on
- E) deal with

4. – 6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Inter-Agency Standing Committee developed a guide on strengthening effective communication and basic psychosocial skills during the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic. The target audience was individuals who were affected by COVID-19. The guide was presented in the form of comic illustrations, and consisted of various modules. The prior subject of the guide was supportive communication in everyday interactions. It aimed to help people regain control of the situation so that they could access practical support and manage their problems better. Specifically, people who were experiencing stress would be supported to identify when to call **functional** service providers. It could be applied in specific situations such as working in care homes, law enforcement, displacement or refugee situations.

4. Which of the following may be the goal of the guide?

- A) To improve the basic psychosocial skills of only refugees in the country.
- B) To provide the committee with various modules on COVID cases.
- C) To make students access practical support and manage their problems better.
- D) To assist people affected by COVID-19 in regaining control of the situation.
- E) To strengthen effective communication between doctors and patients.

5. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A) The coronavirus disease would end in three years.
- B) Specialized service providers were against the guide.
- C) The guide doesn't aim to cover only one part of life.
- D) Communication is more important than psychosocial skills.
- E) Stress was totally avoided thanks to control of the situation.

6. The underlined word "functional" in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) fabulous
- B) practical
- C) catastrophic
- D) fertile
- E) talented

7. – 9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In a major scientific breakthrough, researchers at the University of Illinois have found a way to clean the sensitive mirrors in extreme ultraviolet lithography (EUVL) machines. The EUVL machines play a central role in the global production of chips, which are used in devices like iPhones and computers. There is a roadmap to make these machines more efficient. The development saves time in the lengthy process of removing these mirrors physically, reducing downtime and boosting the production of advanced microchips. After more than a decade of research, Professor Ruzic has finally succeeded in finding a technique to remove debris from the machines. In the experiments, Ruzic used plasma to turn debris into gas.

7. According to the passage, ----.

- A) it is easy to clean the sensitive mirrors in the EUVL machines
- B) the EUVL machines have a little impact on the production of chips
- C) a new way is scientifically supposed to clear the sensitive mirrors
- D) a roadmap will be determined to enhance the efficiency of such machines
- E) washing the sensitive mirrors was impossible in the EUVL machines

8. Which of the following may be the benefit of the new development?

- A) Shifts from debris into gas
- B) Timesaving in the process
- C) Advanced microchips
- D) More efficient machines
- E) Sensitive mirrors

9. It is understood from the passage that the experiments ----.

- A) led to a new technique for debris in the machines
- B) were conducted in devices like iPhones and computers
- C) helped find a way to remove the sensitive mirrors in EUVL machines
- D) were mentioned in the roadmap of researchers
- E) extended the process of removing the mirrors physically

10. – 12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A young agricultural technician started his business with a hive that his grandfather gave him as a gift. When he was a boy, he used to look up to his neighbours who were engaged in beekeeping. As of 2021, Caliskan, who graduated from Canakkale University as an agricultural technician, had reached 50 hives in 14 years. With state support, he increased the number of his hives to 500 occupied by bees. After the tenfold increase, he continues to work to expand his business. Through his modern techniques, it is possible to produce about 100 kilograms of pollen and more than 20 kilograms of propolis annually.

10. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) The agricultural technician worked together with his neighbours.
- B) Caliskan took over the business from his grandfather in 2021.
- C) His grandfather was engaged in beekeeping as a hobby.
- D) Caliskan could not complete his studies at the university.
- E) The young technician learned beekeeping from his neighbours.

11. It can be understood from the passage that ----.

- A) he hardly graduated from the University as an agricultural technician
- B) Caliskan plans to expand his business all over the world
- C) he began beekeeping with a number of hives left by his grandfather
- D) the state did not support him to increase the number of hives to 500
- E) he is likely to produce over 20 kilograms of propolis in one year

12. The main purpose of the passage is to ----.

- A) To refute the claims of his neighbours who were engaged in beekeeping
- B) To give information about the possible state support for beekeeping business
- C) To warn beekeepers against the misbehaviours while producing pollen and propolis
- D) To display the success of a young agricultural technician in expanding business
- E) To illustrate the differences between his technique and that of his grandfather

13. – 15. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

By making healthy lifestyle choices, you can self-engineer genetic alterations to prevent disease and boost longevity. Take a moment to visualize your favourite place in the world that requires you to walk up an incline. Now imagine that you've reached the summit. Take a look down at the other folks trekking toward you. You will see two kinds of people. First, there's the spry set. From the bottom to the top, they are smiling, laughing, barely breaking a sweat, and fully enjoying the journey. Second, there's the group that's struggling. Those who have to stop and catch their breath 10 times on the way up. The differences between them are their speed, size, age and most certainly their overall health.

13. According to the passage, with healthy lifestyle choices ----.

- A) illnesses could be avoided.
- B) you can prevent genetic alterations.
- C) it is impossible to boost longevity.
- D) people can visualise their favourite places.
- E) we can walk up an incline.

14. It can be understood from the passage that ----.

- A) the spry set is the best one for lifestyle choices
- B) in the first group, people are barely laughing
- C) no one in both groups is enjoying the journey
- D) the groups differ in certain features such as age
- E) the group that's struggling is rather unwilling

15. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Favourite places in the world
- B) Healthy lifestyle choices
- C) Advantages of trekking
- D) Diseases and longevity
- E) Smiling and laughing

16. – 18. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Canada has a surplus of freshwater, fully one-fifth of the world's total reserve. It includes nearly a quarter of the planet's wetland ecosystems. But statistics can be misleading. Much of the country's freshwater is locked up in glaciers. Due to lack of infrastructure and a changing climate, Canadians in some areas lack access to clean, potable water. Meanwhile, agriculture has destroyed many of Canada's wetlands, particularly in the densely populated south of the country. Many wetlands, like 80 percent, have been lost. The reality is behaviour changes can have a real and lasting impact on the protection of wetlands. We can save up to 75 litres of water per dishwasher load by simply not pre-rinsing our dishes.

17. What can be inferred from the passage about clean water?

- A) The Canadian government banned behaviour changes.
- B) Agriculture does not have any impact on Canada's wetlands.
- C) It is not affected by climate change in Canada.
- D) Some parts of Canada do not have it due to some reasons.
- E) One-fourth of the world's total reserve is locked up in glaciers.

16. According to the passage, ----.

- A) statistics can show the exact amount of wetland
- B) the planet is rich in freshwater despite infrastructure
- C) the world ecosystem does not depend on reserve
- D) the world has one-fifth of the total reserve
- E) there is a great amount of freshwater in Canada

18. It is understood from the passage that ----.

- A) dishwasher is prohibited in Canada
- B) pre-rinsing is done with 75 litres
- C) even housewives can save water
- D) there is no problem with infrastructure
- E) The south of the country is scarcely populated

19. – 21. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Türkiye's Ministry of National Education recently rolled out a new road map to help children become more familiar with the impact of climate change. By the end of 2025, the ministry plans to update all curricula at schools with new knowledge on the environment and climate change. New projects are proposed to create "climate workshops" and "nature parks" at schools or near schools. Schools are taking more concrete steps under the leadership of the ministry, like "zero waste" projects. Nearly 30,000 schools now have "zero waste" certificates. The certificate indicates that schools adhere to recycling all the waste they produce.

19. Which of the following can be said about the new road map?

- A) It requires recycling of the waste merely at schools.
- B) Its impact is still discussed in Türkiye's Ministry of National Education.
- C) It has been proposed on the environment by different ministries.
- D) It aims to increase the awareness of children on climate change.
- E) Its context includes the natural parks near schools having a certificate.

20. One can conclude from the passage that the curricula at schools ----.

- A) are considered to be changed with new knowledge
- B) will include new projects on leadership at schools
- C) can differ from the ones used in other countries
- D) will be updated to include recycling of certificates
- E) are planned to create concrete steps in the production

21. According to the passage, the certificates ----.

- A) are possessed by more than 30,000 schools in Türkiye
- B) prevent schools from taking concrete steps on zero waste projects
- C) show the loyalty of schools to the protection of the environment
- D) propose to create new knowledge on the impact of schools
- E) disregard the impact of climate change and the environment

22. – 24. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Mountain ranges cover a quarter of all the planet's land. The millions of people who call them home have always lived with their natural hazards. But now, global warming is fundamentally changing their makeup. The mountain had become too unpredictable. Local guide associations cancelled trips to the summit, and authorities issued warnings. Their temperatures have risen 50 percent faster than the global average. Scientists calculating the risks of natural disasters in the mountains warn that there is never going to be one hundred percent safety. So far this year, the small province of Salzburg, Austria, alone counted 24 deaths, more deaths than we have ever had. Thus, even for the most professional climbers, it has become very challenging.

22. It is pointed out in the passage that mountains

- ,
- A) have lost their beauty totally
- B) cover one-fourth of the lands
- C) are changing completely
- D) will be lost in a decade
- E) can be worse compared to oceans

23. How does climate change affect the mountains?

- A) The change can be predicted easily due to the measures.
- B) Scientists have errors in calculating the risks of natural disasters.
- C) Their temperatures have lowered by 50 percent.
- D) It looks indispensable to have complete safety in the future.
- E) Their makeup remains the same in spite of temperatures.

24. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Professional climbers in the mountains
- B) Temperature differences between Salzburg and Austria
- C) Global trips to the summit of mountains
- D) Deaths in Europe having risks of natural disasters
- E) Impact of global warming on mountains

25. – 27. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

According to science fiction stories, future people will live in underground cities on Mars, in free-floating space stations far from the sun. But if humans are ever to survive in harsh alien environments, they will need ways to grow food using limited resources. Now, some scientists wonder whether it's possible to produce food more efficiently by skipping photosynthesis, and growing plants in the dark. The idea sounds like science fiction cities on Mars. But a team of researchers has taken the first step. Who knows when the remaining steps will be taken?

25. It is pointed out in the passage that science fiction ----.

- A) tries to expose fear to people about their future life
- B) includes floating space stations on Mars in its stories
- C) displays people not living in the earth in the future
- D) does not look realistic according to a team of researchers
- E) stresses the importance of life on Mars, far from the sun

26. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) It is not possible to produce food in underground cities on Mars.
- B) Scientists are disregarding limited resources to grow food.
- C) Future people will be reluctant to live in underground cities on Mars.
- D) Alien environments do not look harsh as humans have unlimited resources.
- E) Photosynthesis is a matter of question among some scientists.

27. The main purpose of the passage is to ----.

- A) inform the reader about the studies on skipping photosynthesis
- B) encourage the reader to live in underground cities on Mars
- C) contrast science fiction stories with reality
- D) explain why humans will be living in free-floating space stations
- E) discuss the differences between underground cities

28. – 30. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Gas shortage worsens in European nations amidst the Ukraine conflict. Therefore, Europe's energy crisis, triggered by the conflict, has forced residents of European nations to turn to cheaper heating sources as the weather gets colder. They look to burning firewood and wood pellets. But as more people stock up and burn wood, prices have skyrocketed. Accordingly, thefts have been reported, and scams are emerging. Foresters are putting GPS devices into logs to track valuable stocks. There is also the damaging environmental impact of chopping down more trees. So, fears are rising about the environmental impact of increased air pollution and tree cutting.

29. It can be understood from the passage that ----.

- A) cutting down more trees has negatively affected the environment
- B) the prices of wood have increased irrespective of the demand
- C) there have been less thefts since residents began to burn wood
- D) there is no correlation between air pollution and tree-cutting
- E) GPS devices have failed to help foresters track valuable stocks

28. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) There is a gas shortage especially in Ukraine due to the conflict.
- B) European nations harshly reject cheaper heating sources.
- C) The conflict has a great impact on Europe's energy crisis.
- D) Gas shortage has shown a dramatic decline in Europe.
- E) Firewood costs more than wood pellets for European residents.

30. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Types of wood pellets for burning
- B) Results of gas shortage in Europe
- C) The conflict between Russia and Ukraine
- D) The cheaper heating sources
- E) Air pollution and tree-cutting

1. – 150. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

1. The world comes to terms with the realities of climate change and the limits of the Earth's natural resources. ---- In an exciting new development, scientists from Osaka University have demonstrated that electricity may be obtainable from water with a high salt concentration. Many other research groups are promising environmentally friendly 'green' energy, but they plan to go one step further proposing 'blue' energy based on ocean water that can be applied on an industrial scale.

- A) The study is published in Cell Reports Physical Science.
- B) Devising renewable sources of energy is a key concern for scientists.
- C) This was an important step in understanding power generation.
- D) The oceans are filled with salty water, which is used for energy.
- E) Future projects may include ways to scale up the devices for testing.

2. Most people who get COVID-19 recover within a few weeks. But some people have symptoms that last weeks or months after an initial COVID-19 infection. These ongoing health problems are called post-COVID conditions. ---- In addition, it may increase the burden of disease on health systems. As more patients suffer from long-term COVID, it is increasingly important to define the symptoms associated with COVID. This is crucial for effective diagnosis and treatment of the disease.

- A) The disease may look very different from patient to patient.
- B) Michael Horberg is an infectious diseases physician and medical director.
- C) They determine conditions that were most likely to be associated with COVID.
- D) The conditions identified were lower respiratory disease and diabetes.
- E) Post-acute SARS-COV-2 infection can decrease the quality of life for patients.

3. Turtles have not only relatively large inner ears, but unexpectedly large ear labyrinth morphology. The labyrinth, in biological terms, is a bony structure located within the inner ear of most animals. ---- Birds, for example, have a large labyrinth on either side of their head to facilitate balance during agile flying manoeuvres. Inside the labyrinth, there are membranes that allow for the detection of changes.

- A) Turtles are not known to be agile swimmers since they do not have a large labyrinth.
- B) The shape of the labyrinth in turtles does not correlate with ecology.
- C) The government announced that 53 species of turtle had gone extinct.
- D) The shape of the turtles in general plays a role in behavioural signalling.
- E) The size of the labyrinth is generally dictated by the environment of an animal.

4. The need for smaller, faster-charging batteries is greater than ever. California's Air Board passed an extensive plan to ultimately ban the sale of gasoline-powered cars within the state. By 2035, the largest auto market in the United States will effectively retire the internal combustion engine. If new car sales want to shift to battery-powered electric vehicles, they will need to overcome two major drawbacks. ---- Instead of taking a few minutes at the gas pump, depending on the battery, some electric vehicles can take all day to recharge.

- A) There are enough raw minerals for every internal combustion engine car.
- B) The temperature is regulated from inside the battery without any intervention.
- C) The nickel foil regulates the battery's temperature and reactivity automatically.
- D) They are both too slow to recharge and too large to be efficient and affordable.
- E) The technology relies on internal thermal modulation, an active control method.

5. A new study of over five million people's DNA reveals genetic links to height. It plugs a sizeable gap in our understanding of how our genetic differences account for differences in height. The 12,111 variants, which cluster around parts of the genome associated with skeletal growth, provide a powerful genetic predictor for height. The variants identified explain 40% of the variation in height for people of European ancestry, and around 10-20% for those of non-European ancestry. The study suggests that adult height is mostly determined by the information encoded in our DNA. ----

- A) So genome-wide studies don't capture the wide range of ancestral diversity across the globe.
- B) That is, children from tall parents tend to be taller and those from short parents are shorter.
- C) But it is essential to achieve the same level of saturation and close the gap in prediction.
- D) Genomic studies are revolutionary and might hold the key to solving many health risks.
- E) If a clear picture is taken from a genomic level, it could help to better diagnose schizophrenia.

6. Using a wearable activity tracker to count the number of steps taken daily can reduce the risk of several common chronic diseases. ---- For example, taking more than 8,200 steps, about 4 miles, per day was found to protect against obesity. So overweight individuals can reduce their risk of becoming obese by 64%. They are suggested to increase their daily steps from 6,000 to 11,000. In conclusion, risks decline for most conditions as the number of steps increases.

- A) Fitbit-wearing participants tend to be more active than the average adult.
- B) Counting steps can reduce the intensity of steps, which is valuable to physicians.
- C) The diseases include diabetes, hypertension, obesity, and sleep apnoea.
- D) The incidence of various diseases was compared across observable traits.
- E) To date, nearly 520,000 people have agreed to participate in using a tracker.

7. Career advancement is slower for women in entomology. ---- Among entomologists, significantly more men than women held industry positions as research scientists as of 2021. Across job categories, women outpaced men only in nonfaculty university positions. Meanwhile, men published significantly more research articles than women during their graduate programs. And they went on to attain higher measures of publishing volume and influence.

- A) A woman should enrol in an entomology program if she knows that she will be less successful.
- B) In other words, women pursuing careers in entomology face persistent challenges in obtaining jobs compared to men.
- C) Walker's previous research focused on the gender gap and disadvantages in entomology in 2018.
- D) Her latest analysis illuminates the apparent hurdles in career advancement that women face in entomology.
- E) For example, 18 percent of women found jobs in the year they graduated, while 12 percent of men did.

8. ---- He had to reassure the markets while keeping a fractious Tory party under control. On Tuesday morning he saw the King at Buckingham Palace, who would ask him to form a government. Mr Sunak did not promise a transformational programme. His major task was to end the cycle of crisis.

- A) The Labour leaders were reckoned the better prime minister.
- B) Rishi Sunak was appointed Britain's new prime minister.
- C) England should give utmost priority to bring the country together.
- D) Boris Johnson wanted to resign due to his failure during the pandemic.
- E) Brexit became a test of faith during the reign of the Queen.

9. Apple's extraordinarily successful past two decades is partly the result of a big bet on China. Apple banked on China-based factories. ---- Covid-19, costs and geopolitics are driving the iPhone maker to manufacture and sell its gadgets elsewhere. Its turn away from China marks a big shift for Apple.

- A) Moreover, a Taiwanese firm was making most of MacBooks.
- B) Thus, customers had to wait months for the new version.
- C) Yet, another motive is containing average wages in China.
- D) So a manufacturing worker typically earned \$530 a month.
- E) However, it is time for the end of Apple's affair with China.

10. The organisms carry with them a very small electrical charge in the atmosphere as they fly. But just how much of a charge can the buzzing of the bees create? ---- A swarm of honeybees can have the same electrical charge as a storm cloud. Indeed, honeybee hive swarms change the atmospheric electricity by 100 to 1,000 volts per meter.

- A) Ellard Hunting is a biologist at Bristol.
- B) Biology is a source of biogenic space charge.
- C) The short answer to this question is a lot.
- D) Weather is definitely worth investigating.
- E) Static electric fields are intimately linked.

11. Nothing beats hands-free cleaning—and it truly doesn't get any better than a robot vacuum. ---- They're equipped with special features like a quick connection to handheld devices. Stop spending hours panic-vacuuming before guests come over. Enjoy more free time while these devices take care of the dirty work.

- A) All you need to operate your car is an open outlet for the charging port if it's out of electricity.
- B) Children do not know what to consider especially when shopping for the best chocolate.
- C) Customers may earn revenue from the products available by participating in affiliate programs.
- D) With the simple push of a button, the robot vacuums can tackle rooms in your house.
- E) The best vacuums in the 1970s used to clean homes in record time without wasting any time.

12. To pull humankind out of the COVID-19 pandemic, doctors and public health experts knew we would need a safe and effective vaccine. Pharmaceutical companies around the world have raced to characterize the SARS-CoV-2 virus. As of November 2021, at least 28 promising vaccines have been trialed in humans. And 15 have been authorized for emergency use around the world. ----

- A) But two stood out enough to win our top award: BioNTech and Moderna.
- B) Besides, the vaccines carry mRNA with instructions for making a protein.
- C) Yet those proteins then attach to specialized immune cells, triggering the system.
- D) If a vaccinated person contacts with SARS-CoV-2, those antibodies can spring into action.
- E) However, both of the two-dose regimens were at least 94 percent effective.

1. – 230. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. (I) Having graduated from Hacettepe University, Deniz wished to set up her own brand as a language hub, including teaching and publishing services. (II) It was highly challenging to survive in a floating economy to maintain the company. (III) However, she did not give up easily on her career path. (IV) This ambition of hers has provided her the success and fame, respectively. (V) Deniz Pinar Publishing was established in 2017.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) FIFA World Cup is an international football tournament contested by the national teams of FIFA's member associations. (II) The latest one as the 22nd FIFA World Cup took place in Qatar. (III) It was the first World Cup to take place in the Middle East. (IV) This meant the event had long promised to be unlike any other before it. (V) With five titles, Brazil is the most successful World Cup team.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) Terrorism is the unlawful use of force or violence by a person or group. (II) A bomb rocked a major pedestrian avenue in the heart of Istanbul. (III) It killed six people, wounding several dozen and sending people fleeing the fiery explosion. (IV) Emergency vehicles rushed to the scene on Istiklal Avenue. (V) Detailed investigations were made by the police and the governor's office, including reviewing footage of the area.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) An earthquake of magnitude 5.9 shook northwest Turkey. (II) Although taking place in the province of Duzce, it was felt in several cities including Istanbul, Ankara and Kocaeli. (III) Due to the earthquake, 50 people were injured and some buildings were damaged. (IV) Turkey is crossed by fault lines, prone to earthquakes. (V) There were no reports of deaths or major destruction in the tremor.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

5. (I) The presidency of the G20 rotates every year among its members. (II) The country that holds the presidency works together with its predecessor and successor, also known as the Troika. (III) The aim of the Troika is to ensure the continuity of the agenda. (IV) G20 leaders met for a two-day summit hosted by the Indonesian G20 presidency in Bali. (V) Currently, Italy, Indonesia, and India are the Troika countries.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

6. (I) When COVID-19 burst onto the global stage in 2020, it was deadly and disruptive. (II) Hospitals around the world were overwhelmed. (III) The book is a portrait of the virus. (IV) Daily life for billions of people was thrown into disarray. (V) Quarantine, isolation, N95 masks and social distancing entered our collective lexicon.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

7. (I) Cellphone message chats of a suspect arrested in connection with last Sunday's terrorist bomb attack in Istanbul turned up evidence of the deadly attack. (II) After the deadly attack in the heart of Istanbul, the confessed bomber Ahlam Albashir's phone was examined. (III) In a WhatsApp message, her brother, Ammar J., told his sister after the explosion to take off the clothes and put them in a bag. (IV) However, dozens of suspects in the terrorist act were either detained or arrested. (V) Therefore, Ammar J's phone calls should be considered evidence that he was aware of the explosion in advance and assisted the terrorist.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

8. (I) A rising star in Türkiye, Zeynep Bastık, performed at the 2022 FIFA World Cup's Fan Festival. (II) Due to the compact nature of the tournament, festivals take place at a single venue. (III) She was among the international stars performing at the festival. (IV) Bastık rose to fame through her YouTube channel where she performed covers of songs from her home. (V) Many of her songs have been featured in TV series and movies, as well as jingles for many global brands.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

9. (I) Dogs are as reliable as laboratory tests for detecting COVID-19 cases. (II) And the canines are even better than PCR tests at identifying infected people with no symptoms. (III) Handlers can influence the dog's response. (IV) Thus, they may be trained to sniff out COVID-19. (V) In a study, dogs from French fire stations were successful in coronavirus detection.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

10. (I) Ronaldo aims to win the first World Cup title for his country. (II) Cristiano Ronaldo is out at Manchester United after an explosive interview. (III) The termination of the 37-year-old forward's contract comes after he criticized manager Erik ten Hag and the club's owners. (IV) The Portugal captain said he felt betrayed during a 90-minute discussion. (V) He was also critical of younger players during the discussion.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

11. (I) The energy crisis will reach a crunch point as winter begins in Europe. (II) Electricity is the flow of electrical power or charge. (III) Governments hope they can cut consumption. (IV) They should reduce their electricity use in the hope of avoiding blackouts. (V) But it won't be easy for countries to cut consumption.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

12. (I) Michelle Obama has written a new book called *Becoming Michelle Obama*. (II) In her new book, the former first lady shares what she learned about raising a family while living in the White House. (III) The book talks about how she found her voice. (IV) It was based on a deeply personal experience. (V) Barack Obama established basic rules and principles in the White House.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

13. (I) Over the years, Twitter has helped to galvanize a wide array of social movements. (II) The platform has been very influential abroad, with around 80 percent of users living outside of the U.S. (III) Indeed, social movements' most important feature is their pro-democratic nature. (IV) It became a powerful tool for sharing information and reflections. (V) Even politicians employed it to reach voters.
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
14. (I) Qatar, home to 3 million people, spent more than \$200 billion on preparation for the World Cup. (II) Today, stadiums are a significant part of sports culture. (III) Seven new stadiums were built, including the 60,000-seat Al Bayt Stadium. (IV) The opening ceremony was meant to introduce Qatar to the world through its culture with a theme of bridging distances. (V) It pursued a gathering for all mankind, as an invitation to come together as one.
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
15. (I) The remote work lifestyle is booming in Europe. (II) It leads several governments across the continent to set in place policies to attract more digital nomads. (III) Digitalization is the use of digital technologies to change a business model. (IV) For instance, Croatia, Estonia and Portugal are just some of them. (V) They took a decision to introduce a visa for remote workers.
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
16. (I) Two years ago, a white Tesla Model X smashed into a parking lot wall. (II) The fiery crash killed a prominent lawyer. (III) Tesla did not respond to written requests for comment about the crash. (IV) Accidents are a common feature of the human experience. (V) Therefore, Tesla's safety is being questioned.
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
17. (I) A recent study found that people danced 12% more when very low-frequency bass was played. (II) The study explores what musical ingredients make us want to dance. (III) The exact definition of music varies widely even in the West. (IV) It's the inner-ear structures that give us a sense of where our head is in space. (V) That system is sensitive to low-frequency stimulation, especially if it's loud.
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
18. (I) Soon after Twitter became a "thing," some elected officials also started to see the platform as a useful way to reach people. (II) Barack Obama was actually the first Twitter user as a president. (III) But it was Obama's successor who took tweeting to a whole new level. (IV) Trump's hold on Twitter changed the face of politics. (V) Former US president, Obama, used to tweet Valentine's Day greetings to his family.
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

11-03 Reading Comprehension Question Bank Key

11-03 PARAGRAPH

- 1. B
- 2. D
- 3. E
- 4. D
- 5. C
- 6. B
- 7. C
- 8. B
- 9. A
- 10. E
- 11. E
- 12. D
- 13. A
- 14. D
- 15. B
- 16. E
- 17. D
- 18. C
- 19. D
- 20. A
- 21. C
- 22. B
- 23. D
- 24. E
- 25. C
- 26. E
- 27. A
- 28. C
- 29. A
- 30. B

11-03 PARAGRAPH COMPLETION

- 1. B
- 2. D
- 3. E
- 4. D
- 5. B
- 6. C
- 7. B
- 8. B
- 9. E
- 10. C
- 11. D
- 12. A

12-03 FINDING THE IRRELEVANT SENTENCE

1. E
2. E
3. A
4. D
5. D
6. C
7. D
8. B
9. C
10. A
11. B
12. E
13. C
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. C
18. E